

Appendix

Key ESG Performance Report

	Silvercorp			Ying Mining District			GC Mine			El Domo			Condor			Chaarat			Others		
Metrics	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024
Economic Performance GRI 201-1																					
Economic value generated(\$ million)	483.93	319.70	229.10	401.62	265.10	190.00	39.36	35.70	27.90	1.92	—	—	0.03	—	—	0.00	—	—	41.00	18.60	11.10
Revenue(\$ million)	438.14	298.90	215.20	399.24	263.50	187.80	38.90	35.40	27.40	0.00	—	—	0.00	—	—	0.00	—	—	0.00	0.00	0.00
Economic value distributed:																					
Contractors and services providers(\$ million)	(290.84)	(165.90)	(139.30)	(165.09)	(127.90)	(115.00)	(15.36)	(19.80)	(20.50)	(40.33)	—	—	(1.17)	—	—	(2.16)	—	—	(66.72)	(9.40)	(3.70)
Employees(\$ million)	(53.79)	(38.60)	(33.20)	(27.40)	(21.20)	(21.40)	(5.66)	(5.20)	(5.10)	(5.39)	—	—	(0.78)	—	—	(0.21)	—	—	(14.34)	(9.40)	(6.60)
Shareholders and non-controlling interest(\$ million)	(37.89)	(16.00)	(15.50)	(24.89)	(11.00)	(11.00)	0.00	—	(0.10)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(13.00)	(4.90)	(4.40)
Government(\$ million)	(89.97)	(41.00)	(22.60)	(73.47)	(36.90)	(15.30)	(5.30)	(1.70)	(1.20)	(1.73)	—	—	(0.77)	—	—	(0.28)	—	—	(8.42)	(2.40)	(6.10)
Community support(\$ million)	(3.15)	(1.00)	(3.00)	(2.63)	(0.80)	(2.90)	(0.05)	0.00	0.00	(0.36)	—	—	(0.10)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Economic value retained(\$ million)	(37.49)	57.20	15.50	105.75	67.20	24.30	12.52	9.00	1.00	(47.80)	—	—	(2.82)	—	—	(2.66)	—	—	(102.48)	(7.60)	(9.70)
Product Quality over the Past 3 Years																					
Number of recalled products(tonnes)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Product conforming ratio	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Client complain ratio	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total Waste Rock and Tailings GRI 306																					
Tailings ³⁵ (tonnes)	1,331,831	1,198,556	990,873	1,095,423	951,906	751,316	236,408	246,649	239,557	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Waste rock ³⁶ (tonnes)	2,345,815	2,287,038	1,712,867	1,993,162	1,955,717	1,455,959	352,653	331,320	256,908	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tailings used as backfill(tonnes)	117,935	149,390	128,233	0	0	0	117,935	149,390	128,233	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Waste rock recycled(tonnes)	846,675	887,651	790,480	494,022	556,331	533,572	352,653	331,320	256,908	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tailings not used for backfills(tonnes)	1,213,895	1,049,166	862,640	1,095,423	951,906	751,316	118,472	97,259	111,324	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Waste rock not recycled or used as backfill(tonnes)	1,499,140	1,399,386	922,387	1,499,140	1,399,386	922,387	0	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

³⁵ Tailings weight = raw ore dry weight – concentrate weight, where concentrate weight is estimated as raw ore dry weight × grade (laboratory test) × recovery rate.

³⁶ Waste rock weight is estimated as extraction cross-section × excavation length × bulking factor.

	Silvercorp			Ying Mining District			GC Mine			El Domo			Condor			Chaarat			Others		
Metrics	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024
Tailings comprehensive utilization rate	8.86%	12.46%	12.94%	—	—	—	49.89%	60.57%	53.53%	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Waste rock comprehensive utilization rate	36.09%	38.81%	46.15%	24.79%	28.45%	36.65%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Environmental Protection Training and Investment																					
Total environmental protection investment(\$ million)	3.67	2.24	2.34	2.80	2.11	2.16	0.24	0.13	0.18	0.39	—	—	0.25	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Number of environmental protection training attendances(person-times)	2,304	1,358	1,221	943	936	915	1,054	422	306	300	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Training investment on environmental protection(\$ thousand)	19.26	10.70	11.40	8.73	7.90	8.60	2.82	2.80	2.80	6.72	—	—	1.00	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Waste -By Type and Treatment GRI 306-2																					
Total weight of hazardous waste(tonnes)	15.09	8.31	32.06	10.37	5.96	23.66	4.73	2.35	8.41	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Of which: Waste engine oil(tonnes)	7.71	7.03	6.30	6.13	5.96	3.90	1.58	1.07	2.40	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Of which: Waste oil(tonnes)	6.84	6.50	5.21	6.13	5.96	3.90	0.72	0.54	1.31	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Waste engine oil packaging(tonnes)	0.87	0.53	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.87	0.53	1.09	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Waste batteries(tonnes)	4.34	0.00	19.93	4.24	0.00	19.76	0.10	0.00	0.17	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other hazardous waste(tonnes)	3.05	1.28	5.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.05	1.28	5.84	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total weight of non-hazardous waste(tonnes)	1,180.34	1,059.90	1,086.89	1,063.47	910.60	763.00	116.87	149.30	323.89	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Of which: Waste tires, steel, and other production materials(tonnes)	82.69	146.70	293.69	16.62	48.60	21.00	66.07	98.10	272.69	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Domestic waste disposal(tonnes) ³⁷	1,097.65	913.20	793.20	1,046.85	862.00	742.00	50.80	51.20	51.20	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Of which: Domestic waste disposal(landfill)(tonnes)	50.80	51.20	51.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	50.80	51.20	51.20	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Domestic waste disposal(waste-to-energy incineration)(tonnes)	1,046.85	862.00	742.00	1,046.85	862.00	742.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Non-hazardous waste reduction targets(tonnes)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Non-hazardous waste discharge intensity(kg/million dollar revenue)	2,694.01	3,546.00 ³⁸	5,050.60	2,663.75	3,455.79	4,062.83	3,004.60	4,217.51	11,820.80	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mineral waste(tonnes)	3,677,646	3,485,593	2,703,740	3,088,585	2,907,624	2,207,275	589,060	577,970	496,465	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Of which: Waste rock and tailings recycled or used as backfill(tonnes)	964,610	1,037,041	918,713	494,022	556,331	533,572	470,588	480,710	385,141	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Waste rock and tailings not recycled or used as backfill(tonnes)	2,713,036	2,448,552	1,785,027	2,594,563	2,351,293	1,673,703	118,472	97,259	111,324	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Land Reclamation GRI 304-3																					
Investment in land reclamation and geological environment governance(\$ million)	0.56	0.80	0.38	0.43	0.72	0.29	0.12	0.07	0.09	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Area causing ecological operational disturbance but not yet reclaimed(hectares)(at the beginning of the year)	117.57	117.03	117.73	78.95	77.83	78.19	38.62	39.20	39.54	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

³⁷ Domestic waste weight is estimated as "0.6 kg/person/day × number of personnel × number of days in the statistical period." The Company will progressively refine weighing statistics or waste removal ledger records to improve data accuracy.

³⁸ To improve the comparability of data across reporting years, the Company restated its non-hazardous waste discharge intensity for Fiscal 2025. In the Fiscal 2025 Sustainability Report, "economic value generated" was used as the denominator for this indicator; in this report, "revenue" is consistently used as the denominator for intensity indicators. Following the restatement, the non-hazardous waste discharge intensity for Fiscal 2025 was 3,546.00 kg/million dollar revenue, compared with the originally disclosed value of 3,315.29 kg/million dollar revenue in the Fiscal 2025 Sustainability Report.

	Silvercorp			Ying Mining District			GC Mine			El Domo			Condor			Chaarat			Others		
Metrics	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024
Annual new area causing ecological operational disturbance during the year(hectares)	4.36	7.62	18.74	4.36	7.62	18.74	0	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Annual area newly reclaimed during the year(hectares)	8.39	7.08	5.34	8.27	6.50	5.00	0.12	0.58	0.34	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Area causing ecological operational disturbance but not yet reclaimed(hectares)(end of the year)	113.54	117.57	131.13	75.04	78.95	91.93	38.50	38.62	39.20	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Energy Consumption within the Organization GRI 302-1																					
Diesel(m³)	1,594	779	788	854	634	627	741 ³⁹	145	161	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Gasoline(m³)	69	81	94	58	69	80	12	12	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Coal(tonnes) ⁴⁰	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Liquefied Petroleum Gas(m³) ⁴¹	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Purchased Electricity(MWh)	181,305	165,268	140,468	149,630	134,251	110,448	31,675	31,017	30,020	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Self-built Photovoltaic Generation(MWh)	187	232	236	187	232	236	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total-Converted to Standard Coal(tonnes)	24,360	21,397	18,376	19,536	17,392	14,472	4,824	4,005	3,904	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Energy Consumption within the Organization - GJ GRI 302-1																					
Diesel(GJ) ⁴²	57,875	28,269	28,557	30,984	23,006	22,731	26,892	5,263	5,826	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Gasoline(GJ) ⁴³	2,331	2,727	3,149	1,936	2,323	2,688	395	404	461	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Coal(GJ)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Liquefied Petroleum Gas(GJ)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Electricity(GJ) ⁴⁴	653,369	595,798	506,536	539,338	484,137	398,463	114,030	111,661	108,073	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Of which: Purchased Electricity(GJ)	652,696	594,965	505,687	538,666	483,304	397,614	114,030	111,661	108,073	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Self-built Photovoltaic Generation(GJ)	672	834	849	672	834	849	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Percentage of grid power to company energy consumption	91.47%	94.92%	93.95%	94.13%	94.86%	93.80%	80.69%	95.17%	94.50%	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total energy consumption(GJ)	713,575	626,795	538,242	572,258	509,467	423,882	141,317	117,328	114,360	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

³⁹ In Fiscal 2026, the statistical scope was expanded to include diesel consumption data related to Guangdong Found's contractor teams. Due to this expanded statistical scope compared with previous periods, diesel consumption increased significantly year-over-year.

⁴⁰ Since 2018, all Silvercorp mines have fully phased out coal-fired boilers and switched to electric boilers, with no further coal use.

⁴¹ Since 2018, all Silvercorp mines have fully phased out LPG stoves and switched to induction cooktops, with no further LPG use.

⁴² Diesel energy consumption is calculated using a density of 0.85 t/m³, a commonly used density for automotive diesel, to convert volume to mass. The net calorific value of 42,705 kJ/kg is selected in accordance with the "GB/T 2589-2020 General Rules for Calculation of Comprehensive Energy Consumption," and is used to calculate energy consumption in GJ.

⁴³ Gasoline energy consumption is calculated using a density of 0.78 t/m³, an industry-standard density for automotive gasoline used, to convert volume to mass. The net calorific value of 43,124 kJ/kg is sourced from "GB/T 2589-2020 General Rules for Calculation of Comprehensive Energy Consumption," and is used to calculate energy consumption in GJ.

⁴⁴ Electricity is converted to GJ using the standard conversion factor of 3.6 MJ/kWh(1 kWh = 3.6 MJ). Total electricity energy consumption is the sum of purchased electricity and self-built PV power generation.

	Silvercorp			Ying Mining District			GC Mine			El Domo			Condor			Chaarat			Others		
Metrics	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024
Energy consumption intensity(GJ/million dollar revenue)	1,629	2,097 ⁴⁵	2,501	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
GHG Emissions GRI305-1, GRI 305-2 ⁴⁶																					
Scope 1: Direct GHG Emissions(tCO ₂ e)	4,450.10	2,283.74	2,287.00	2,430.04	1,865.75	1,833.00	2,020.06	417.99	454.00	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Of which: Stationary combustion greenhouse gas emissions(tCO ₂ e)																					
Diesel(tCO ₂ e)	4,288.57	2,094.77	2,073.00	2,295.89	1,704.75	1,650.00	1,992.68	390.02	423.00	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Gasoline(tCO ₂ e)	161.53	188.97	214.00	134.15	161.00	183.00	27.38	27.97	31.00	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Coal(tCO ₂ e)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Liquefied Petroleum Gas(tCO ₂ e)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Scope 2: Energy Indirect GHG Emissions-Location Based(tCO ₂ e)	102,234	88,683	78,213	88,237	72,039	61,498	13,997	16,644	16,715	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Of which: Purchased Electricity(tCO ₂ e) ⁴⁷	102,234	88,683	78,213	88,237	72,039	61,498	13,997	16,644	16,715	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Scope 2: Energy Indirect GHG Emissions-Market Based(tCO ₂ e)	110,523	96,781	83,466	91,214	78,617	65,628	19,309	18,164	17,838	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Of which: Purchased Electricity(tCO ₂ e) ⁴⁸	110,523	96,781	83,466	91,214	78,617	65,628	19,309	18,164	17,838	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total GHG Emissions-Location Based(tCO ₂ e)	106,684	90,967	80,499	90,667	73,905	63,330	16,017	17,062	17,169	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total GHG Emissions-Market Based(tCO ₂ e)	114,973	99,065	85,753	93,644	80,483	67,461	21,329	18,582	18,292	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
GHG Emissions Intensity(tCO ₂ e/million dollar revenue) ⁴⁹	243.50	304.34 ⁵⁰	374.00	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Types of Energy Consumption GRI 302-1																					
Explosives(Ammonium Nitrate, ANFO)(tonnes)	4,894	4,799	3,330	4,369	4,312	3,006	525	487	324	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Emissions GRI 305-7																					
Chemical Oxygen Demand(COD)(tonnes)	14.81	17.05	17.00	6.20	7.90	8.00	8.61	9.15	8.21	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

⁴⁵ To improve year-over-year comparability, the Company restated its Fiscal 2025 energy consumption intensity. In the Fiscal 2025 report, this metric was calculated using "economic value generated" as the denominator; this report consistently uses "revenue" as the denominator for intensity metrics. Following the restatement, Fiscal 2025 energy consumption intensity was 2,097 GJ/million USD revenue, compared with the originally disclosed value of 1,961 GJ/million USD in the Fiscal 2025 report.

⁴⁶ GHG emissions are calculated with reference to the Greenhouse Gas Protocol: A Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard, the 2006 IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories, and the Guidelines for Accounting and Reporting Greenhouse Gas Emissions of Mining Enterprises issued by China's National Development and Reform Commission. Other relevant coefficients are sourced from the China Energy Statistical Yearbook. For the Company, GHG emissions are predominantly carbon dioxide (CO₂). Other greenhouse gases such as methane (CH₄), nitrous oxide (N₂O), hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs), perfluorocarbons (PFCs), sulfur hexafluoride (SF₆), and nitrogen trifluoride (NF₃) are generated in very small quantities and are not separately accounted for in this report. All CO₂ data reported herein are expressed in carbon dioxide equivalent (CO₂-eq). Scope 2 emissions are calculated using the 2023 electricity CO₂ emission factors published by the Ministry of Ecology and Environment; location-based emissions are calculated using the grid-specific emission factors applicable to each operating location, while market-based emissions are calculated using the national electricity market emission factor. Due to updates in emission factors, year-over-year changes in emissions intensity include the impact of factor revisions.

⁴⁷ In December 2025, China's Ministry of Ecology and Environment and the National Bureau of Statistics jointly issued the Announcement on the Release of the 2023 Electricity CO₂ Emission Factors. To improve the accuracy of GHG emissions accounting for purchased electricity, the Company refined its methodology this year by replacing the national average emission factor with more granular provincial-level average factors. For 2023, the average CO₂ emission factor for electricity in Henan Province is 0.5897 kg CO₂/kWh, and for Guangdong Province is 0.4419 kg CO₂/kWh. Due to the inherent time lag in factor statistics, this report adopts the latest published factors as the basis for location-based purchased electricity GHG emissions accounting for Fiscal 2026.

⁴⁸ The Company's electricity is purchased from the State Grid Corporation of China (for the Ying Mining District in Henan) and the China Southern Power Grid (for the GC Mine in Guangdong), both of which are subject to unified regulation by the Chinese government and apply the same emission factor. In December 2025, China's Ministry of Ecology and Environment and the National Bureau of Statistics published the Announcement on the Release of the 2023 Electricity CO₂ Emission Factors, which for the first time included the national average CO₂ emission factor for electricity excluding market-traded non-fossil energy power, at 0.6096 kg CO₂/kWh. Due to the inherent time lag in factor statistics, the Company uses this factor as the basis for calculating market-based purchased electricity GHG emissions for Fiscal 2026.

⁴⁹ To ensure data continuity and comparability, this metric is calculated as total location-based emissions divided by revenue.

⁵⁰ To improve year-over-year comparability, the Company restated its Fiscal 2025 GHG emissions intensity. In the Fiscal 2025 report, the numerator of this metric was market-based GHG emissions and the denominator was "economic value generated"; this report consistently adopts "total location-based Scope 1 and Scope 2 GHG emissions ÷ revenue." Following the restatement, Fiscal 2025 GHG emissions intensity was 304 tonnes CO₂e/million USD revenue, compared with the originally disclosed value of 310 tonnes CO₂e/million USD in the Fiscal 2025 report.

	Silvercorp			Ying Mining District			GC Mine			El Domo			Condor			Chaarat			Others		
Metrics	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024
Ammonia Nitrogen(NH ₃ -N)(tonnes)	0.61	0.71	0.50	0.08	0.06	0.07	0.52	0.65	0.43	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sulphur Oxides(SO _x)(tonnes)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nitrogen Oxides(NO _x)(tonnes) ⁵¹	998.78	977.75	681.83	886.99	873.87	610.79	111.79	103.88	71.04	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Water Cycling																					
Water Withdrawal(m ³) ⁵²	4,218,570	3,874,965	3,712,299	3,219,452	2,896,024	2,915,781	999,118	978,941	796,518	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Of which: Ground water(m ³) ⁵³	3,515,248	3,105,225	2,949,920	2,551,284	2,180,039	2,212,420	963,964	925,186	737,500	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Surface water(m ³) ⁵⁴	703,322	769,740	762,379	668,168	715,985	703,361	35,154	53,755	59,018	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Of which: Fresh water withdrawal(m ³)	4,218,570	3,874,965	3,712,299	3,219,452	2,896,024	2,915,781	999,118	978,941	796,518	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Non-fresh water withdrawal(m ³)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Water Discharge(m ³) ⁵⁵	1,795,442	1,782,227	1,815,321	1,018,647	1,032,213	1,240,821	776,795	750,014	574,500	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Water Consumption(m ³)	2,423,129	2,092,738	1,896,978	2,200,805	1,863,811	1,674,960	222,323	228,927	222,018	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Of which: Used at office and mining camp, and by community residents ⁵⁶ (m ³)	391,425	373,517	352,065	356,271	319,762	293,047	35,154	53,755	59,018	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Used by underground mining(m ³) ⁵⁷	864,385	753,012	757,218	765,385	654,012	654,551	99,000	99,000	102,667	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Used by surface greening and dust suppression(m ³)	71,176	56,871	44,575	36,400	33,310	31,960	34,776	23,561	12,615	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Fresh water consumption at processing plant(m ³)	1,096,142	909,338	743,120	1,042,749	856,727	695,402	53,393	52,611	47,718	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Water Used during Mineral Processing(m ³) ⁵⁸	6,156,466	5,625,632	4,847,267	4,619,697	4,021,495	3,237,188	1,536,769	1,604,138	1,610,079	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Of which: Water recycled in mineral processing(m ³)	5,060,324	4,716,294	4,104,148	3,576,948	3,164,768	2,541,787	1,483,376	1,551,527	1,562,361	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Water recycling rate	82.20%	83.84%	84.67%	77.43%	78.70%	78.52%	96.53%	96.72%	97.04%	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Water Withdrawal and Consumption Intensity Indicators																					
Fresh water withdrawal intensity(m ³ /million dollar revenue)	9,628	12,964 ⁵⁹	17,250	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

⁵¹ NO_x emissions are estimated using the material balance method. The statistical boundary covers operating mines, taking into account NO_x emissions from explosives, diesel, and gasoline use. Among these, explosives emissions are calculated based on 0.2875 kg NO₂/kg explosive and a blasting correction factor of 0.7; diesel and gasoline emissions are calculated based on 9.62 kg NO_x/tonne of fuel and 16.7 kg NO_x/tonne of fuel, respectively.

⁵² Total water withdrawal = Water discharge + Water consumption.

⁵³ Groundwater is mine water inflow that is reused. The volume of groundwater is estimated using the method of "pump power × operating hours."

⁵⁴ Surface water withdrawal includes water from rivers and lakes, as well as collected rainwater. The volume of collected rainwater is estimated using the method of "rainfall × catchment area × rainfall duration."

⁵⁵ Water discharge is calculated using the method of "groundwater volume - underground working water - surface greening and dust suppression water - processing plant makeup water."

⁵⁶ Domestic water consumption (surface water) is estimated using the method of "0.12 m³/person/day × number of people × number of working days."

⁵⁷ Underground working water is estimated using the method of "groundwater volume × 0.3."

⁵⁸ Water used in mineral processing is estimated using the method of "ore throughput × 4."

⁵⁹ To improve year-over-year comparability, the Company restated its Fiscal 2025 freshwater withdrawal intensity. In the Fiscal 2025 report, this metric was calculated using "economic value generated" as the denominator; this report consistently uses "revenue" as the denominator for intensity metrics. Following the restatement, Fiscal 2025 freshwater withdrawal intensity was 12,964 cubic meters/million USD revenue, compared with the originally disclosed value of 12,121 cubic meters/million USD in the Fiscal 2025 report.

	Silvercorp			Ying Mining District			GC Mine			El Domo			Condor			Chaarat			Others		
Metrics	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024
Surface freshwater withdrawal intensity(m³/million dollar revenue)	1,605	2,575 ⁶⁰	3,543	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Fresh water consumption intensity(m³/million dollar revenue)	5,531	7,002 ⁶¹	8,815	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unit Fresh Water Consumption for Ore Processing(m³/tonne of ore processed)	1.64	1.59	1.71	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Diversity of Employees GRI 405-1																					
Total number of all employees(persons)	6,549	5,936	4,745	4,887	4,799	3,970	770	716	710	674	300	—	49	42	—	53	—	—	116	79	65
Of which: Total number of company employees(persons)	2,025	1,737	1,407	1,255	1,146	1,070	286	271	272	284	212	—	33	29	—	53	—	—	114	79	65
Percentage of company employees	31%	29%	30%	26%	24%	27%	37%	38%	38%	42%	71%	—	67%	69%	—	100%	—	—	98%	100%	100%
Number of contractor employees(persons)	4,524	4,199	3,338	3,632	3,653	2,900	484	445	438	390	88	—	16	13	—	0	—	—	2	0	0
Percentage of contractors' employees	69%	71%	70%	74%	76%	73%	63%	62%	62%	58%	29%	—	33%	31%	—	0%	—	—	2%	0%	0%
Of which: Total number of male employees(persons)	1,658	1,421	1,154	1,062	962	896	236	221	220	238	174	—	22	20	—	38	—	—	62	44	38
Percentage of male employees	82%	82%	82%	85%	84%	84%	83%	82%	81%	84%	82%	—	67%	69%	—	72%	—	—	54%	56%	58%
Total number of female employees(persons)	367	316	253	193	184	174	50	50	52	46	38	—	11	9	—	15	—	—	52	35	27
Percentage of female employees	18%	18%	18%	15%	16%	16%	17%	18%	19%	16%	18%	—	33%	31%	—	28%	—	—	46%	44%	42%
Of which: Number of male employees (age ≤ 30)(persons)	353	267	178	240	170	139	51	44	35	57	47	—	0	4	—	0	—	—	5	2	4
Percentage of male employees (age ≤ 30)	17%	15%	13%	19%	15%	13%	18%	16%	13%	20%	22%	—	0%	14%	—	0%	—	—	4%	3%	6%
Number of female employees (age ≤ 30)(persons)	61	51	35	26	24	19	4	3	5	11	12	—	0	3	—	5	—	—	15	9	11
Percentage of female employees (age ≤ 30)	3%	3%	2%	2%	2%	2%	1%	1%	2%	4%	6%	—	0%	10%	—	9%	—	—	13%	11%	17%
Number of male employees (31 ≤ age ≤ 50)(persons)	876	774	651	519	503	491	123	123	136	145	104	—	19	13	—	25	—	—	45	31	24
Percentage of male employees (31 ≤ age ≤ 50)	43%	45%	46%	41%	44%	46%	43%	45%	50%	51%	49%	—	58%	45%	—	47%	—	—	39%	39%	37%
Number of female employees (31 ≤ age ≤ 50)(persons)	240	203	170	120	113	113	38	40	42	31	23	—	11	6	—	8	—	—	32	21	15
Percentage of female employees (31 ≤ age ≤ 50)	12%	12%	12%	10%	10%	11%	13%	15%	15%	11%	11%	—	33%	21%	—	15%	—	—	28%	27%	23%
Number of male employees (age ≥ 51)(persons)	429	380	325	303	289	266	62	54	49	36	23	—	3	3	—	13	—	—	12	11	10
Percentage of male employees (age ≥ 51)	21%	22%	23%	24%	25%	25%	22%	20%	18%	13%	11%	—	9%	10%	—	25%	—	—	11%	14%	15%
Number of female employees (age ≥ 51)(persons)	66	62	48	47	47	42	8	7	5	4	3	—	0	0	—	2	—	—	5	5	1

⁶⁰ To improve year-over-year comparability, the Company restated its Fiscal 2025 surface freshwater withdrawal intensity. In the Fiscal 2025 report, this metric was calculated using "economic value generated" as the denominator; this report consistently uses "revenue" as the denominator for intensity metrics. Following the restatement, Fiscal 2025 surface freshwater withdrawal intensity was 2,575 cubic meters/million USD revenue, compared with the originally disclosed value of 2,408 cubic meters/million USD in the Fiscal 2025 report.

⁶¹ To improve year-over-year comparability, the Company restated its Fiscal 2025 freshwater consumption intensity. In the Fiscal 2025 report, this metric was calculated using "economic value generated" as the denominator; this report consistently uses "revenue" as the denominator for intensity metrics. Following the restatement, Fiscal 2025 freshwater consumption intensity was 7,002 cubic meters/million USD revenue, compared with the originally disclosed value of 6,546 cubic meters/million USD in the Fiscal 2025 report.

	Silvercorp			Ying Mining District			GC Mine			El Domo			Condor			Chaarat			Others		
Metrics	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024
Percentage of female employees (age ≥ 51)	3%	4%	4%	4%	4%	4%	3%	3%	2%	1%	1%	—	0%	0%	—	4%	—	—	4%	6%	2%
Of which: Number of senior management employees(persons)	6	8	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	0	0	—	0	—	—	6	8	5
Number of female senior management employees(persons)	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	0	0	—	0	—	—	1	1	0
Number of male senior management employees(persons)	5	7	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—	0	0	—	0	—	—	5	7	5
Number of middle management employees(persons)	158	109	130	82	63	104	9	9	10	21	15	—	7	7	—	10	—	—	29	15	16
Number of female middle management employees(persons)	18	13	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	3	—	4	4	—	2	—	—	6	4	1
Number of male middle management employees(persons)	140	96	127	81	62	103	8	8	9	17	12	—	3	3	—	8	—	—	23	11	15
Number of junior management employees(persons)	520	450	117	422	403	89	15	15	19	51	5	—	8	8	—	5	—	—	19	19	9
Number of female junior management employees(persons)	53	47	22	29	32	16	1	1	1	8	1	—	6	5	—	1	—	—	8	8	5
Number of male junior management employees(persons)	467	403	95	393	371	73	14	14	18	43	4	—	2	3	—	4	—	—	11	11	4
Number of primary employees(persons)	1,341	1,170	1,155	751	680	877	262	247	243	212	192	—	18	14	—	38	—	—	60	37	35
Number of female primary employees(persons)	295	256	229	163	151	158	48	48	50	34	34	—	1	1	—	12	—	—	37	22	21
Number of male primary employees(persons)	1,046	914	926	588	529	719	214	199	193	178	158	—	17	13	—	26	—	—	23	15	14
Employment GRI 405-1																					
Percentage of female employees in operation and management occupation	13%	11%	19%	6%	7%	9%	8%	8%	40%	17%	21%	—	67%	60%	—	20%	—	—	40%	24%	20%
Percentage of male employees in operation and management occupation	87%	89%	81%	94%	93%	91%	92%	92%	60%	83%	79%	—	33%	40%	—	80%	—	—	60%	76%	80%
Percentage of female employees in sales department	10%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	25%	0%	0%	0%	0%	—	0%	0%	—	—	—	—	0%	0%	—
Percentage of male employees in sales department	90%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	75%	100%	100%	0%	0%	—	0%	0%	—	—	—	—	0%	0%	—
Percentage of female employees in STEM position	9%	11%	9%	6%	10%	5%	6%	7%	7%	14%	30%	—	45%	0%	—	0%	—	—	38%	29%	41%
Percentage of male employees in STEM position	91%	89%	91%	94%	90%	95%	94%	93%	93%	86%	70%	—	55%	100%	—	100%	—	—	62%	71%	59%
Labor contract coverage	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	—	100%	100%	—	100%	—	—	100%	100%	100%
Social insurance coverage rate	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	—	100%	100%	—	100%	—	—	100%	100%	100%
Percentage of labor union participation	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	100%	100%	100%
Collective labor agreements coverage	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	100%	100%	100%
Cumulative number of employees from vulnerable groups(persons) ⁶²	38	47	29	24	—	—	1	—	—	9	—	—	1	—	—	0	—	—	3	—	—

⁶² The statistical scope covers employees with disabilities; other types of vulnerable groups are not included.

	Silvercorp			Ying Mining District			GC Mine			El Domo			Condor			Chaarat			Others		
Metrics	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024
Parental Leave GRI 401-3																					
Number of female employees on maternity leave(persons)	9	4	3	3	1	2	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	—	—	—	—	3	1	0
Number of male employees on parental leave(persons)	35	37	22	16	25	11	2	8	11	16	0	1	0	0	—	—	—	—	1	3	0
New Employee GRI 401-1																					
Total number of newly added employees(persons)	454	270	204	246	199	158	51	30	31	95	10	—	6	8	—	13	—	—	43	23	15
Of which: Number of newly added male employees (age ≤ 30) (persons)	174	106	86	123	82	70	26	19	14	21	2	—	0	1	—	1	—	—	3	2	2
Percentage of newly added male employees (age ≤ 30)	38%	39%	42%	50%	41%	44%	51%	63%	45%	22%	20%	—	0%	13%	—	8%	—	—	7%	9%	13%
Number of newly added female employees (age ≤ 30) (persons)	31	11	13	10	7	7	1	0	1	6	0	—	0	1	—	6	—	—	8	3	5
Percentage of newly added female employees (age ≤ 30)	7%	4%	7%	4%	4%	4%	2%	0%	3%	6%	0%	—	0%	13%	—	46%	—	—	19%	13%	33%
Number of newly added male employees (31 ≤ age ≤ 50) (persons)	145	103	82	77	75	63	23	9	12	22	5	—	3	4	—	4	—	—	16	10	7
Percentage of newly added male employees (31 ≤ age ≤ 50)	32%	38%	40%	31%	38%	40%	45%	30%	39%	23%	50%	—	50%	50%	—	31%	—	—	37%	43%	47%
Number of newly added female employees (31 ≤ age ≤ 50)(persons)	68	27	17	19	18	14	0	0	2	32	2	—	3	2	—	1	—	—	13	5	1
Percentage of newly added female employees (31 ≤ age ≤ 50)	15%	10%	8%	8%	9%	9%	0%	0%	7%	34%	20%	—	50%	25%	—	8%	—	—	30%	22%	7%
Number of newly added male employees (age ≥ 51) (persons)	30	14	6	15	9	4	1	2	2	12	1	—	0	0	—	0	—	—	2	2	0
Percentage of newly added male employees (age ≥ 51)	7%	5%	3%	6%	5%	3%	2%	7%	6%	13%	10%	—	0%	0%	—	0%	—	—	5%	9%	0%
Number of newly added female employees (age ≥ 51) (persons)	6	9	0	2	8	0	0	0	0	2	0	—	0	0	—	1	—	—	1	1	0
Percentage of newly added female employees (age ≥ 51)	1%	3%	0%	1%	4%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	0%	—	0%	0%	—	8%	—	—	2%	4%	0%
Number of internal employees promoted during the fiscal year(persons)	41	33	20	24	24	12	7	7	6	6	1	—	1	0	—	0	—	—	3	1	2
Employee Turnover GRI 401-1																					
Number of employee turnover(persons)	236	177	193	137	123	147	36	29	36	23	9	—	8	3	—	2	—	—	30	13	10
Turnover rate of employees	10.77%	10.55%	12.04%	9.84%	9.69%	13.00%	11.18%	9.60%	11.69%	7.49%	4.00%	—	22.86%	12.00%	—	4.00%	—	—	24.59%	14.77%	12.82%
Of which: Number of male employee turnover (age ≤ 30)(persons)	63	40	54	41	32	44	12	7	10	6	0	—	0	0	—	0	—	—	4	1	0
Turnover rate of male employees (age ≤ 30)	3.30%	2.64%	3.64%	3.23%	2.78%	3.90%	4.04%	2.41%	3.44%	2.58%	0.00%	—	0.00%	0.00%	—	0.00%	—	—	4.88%	1.49%	0.00%
Number of female employee turnover (age ≤ 30) (persons)	10	4	8	4	1	5	0	0	0	1	0	—	0	1	—	1	—	—	4	2	3
Turnover rate of female employees (age ≤ 30)	0.57%	0.28%	0.57%	0.35%	0.09%	0.47%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.46%	0.00%	—	0.00%	4.00%	—	50.00%	—	—	4.60%	2.94%	4.41%
Number of male employee turnover (31 ≤ age ≤ 50) (persons)	97	80	77	52	52	56	21	16	16	9	4	—	3	1	—	1	—	—	11	7	5
Turnover rate of male employees (31 ≤ age ≤ 50)	5.15%	5.30%	5.20%	4.25%	4.54%	4.99%	7.14%	5.69%	5.54%	3.85%	2.00%	—	9.38%	4.00%	—	50.00%	—	—	11.58%	9.33%	7.14%

	Silvercorp			Ying Mining District			GC Mine			El Domo			Condor			Chaarat			Others		
Metrics	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024
Number of female employee turnover (31 ≤ age ≤ 50) (persons)	24	14	13	11	7	9	1	2	2	1	2	—	5	1	—	0	—	—	6	2	2
Turnover rate of female employees (31 ≤ age ≤ 50)	1.33%	0.98%	0.92%	0.94%	0.64%	0.84%	0.37%	0.74%	0.72%	0.41%	1.00%	—	15.63%	4.00%	—	0.00%	—	—	6.52%	2.86%	3.13%
Number of male employee turnover (age ≥ 51)(persons)	32	27	34	21	21	28	2	4	6	6	1	—	0	0	—	0	—	—	3	1	0
Turnover rate of male employees (age ≥ 51)	1.81%	1.51%	1.97%	1.81%	1.55%	2.11%	0.74%	1.23%	1.84%	2.68%	0.00%	—	0.00%	0.00%	—	0.00%	—	—	3.70%	1.49%	0.00%
Number of female employee turnover (age ≥ 51) (persons)	10	10	7	8	10	5	0	0	2	0	0	—	0	0	—	0	—	—	2	0	0
Turnover rate of female employees (age ≥ 51)	0.57%	0.71%	0.50%	0.70%	0.93%	0.47%	0.00%	0.00%	0.72%	0.00%	0.00%	—	0.00%	0.00%	—	0.00%	—	—	2.50%	0.00%	0.00%
Of which: Number of voluntary employee turnover(persons)	181	147	157	128	110	130	25	22	20	4	4	—	7	2	—	2	—	—	15	9	7
Voluntary employee turnover rate ⁶⁵	8.26%	8.77%	9.79%	9.20%	8.67%	10.68%	7.76%	7.28%	6.49%	1.30%	—	—	20.00%	—	—	—	—	—	12.30%	10.23%	10.00%
Employee Occupational Training GRI 404-1																					
Occupational training investment(\$ thousand)	186	71	159	163	55	93	21	15	63	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	3
Number of training sessions	1,508	2,026	2,047	968	1,326	1,547	519	501	418	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	21	199	82
Number of training attendances(person-times)	28,064	31,919	31,466	19,982	23,596	23,267	7,197	6,930	7,406	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	885	1,393	793
Total number of training hours(h)	85,697	68,593	31,959	74,049	57,515	23,600	10,468	8,648	6,646	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,180	2,430	1,713
Average training hours per employee(h)	42.32	30.03	22.78	59.00	51.31	22.06	36.60	31.33	23.55	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10.35	67.50	41.35
Of which: Male employees(h)	44.02	30.09	24.49	59.80	51.58	23.90	36.68	31.38	24.58	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13.23	67.50	39.62
Female employees(h)	34.65	29.70	22.29	54.60	49.88	12.67	36.26	31.13	19.54	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6.92	67.50	40.73
Of which: Senior and middle management employees(h)	57.37	39.54	37.99	105.50	74.51	40.63	57.47	64.49	38.77	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6.86	58.70	36.08
Junior management employees(h)	68.49	39.25	26.45	81.80	73.62	22.35	62.87	51.22	42.09	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8.42	71.40	38.43
Primary employees(h)	30.36	27.52	20.53	41.10	36.42	19.56	34.38	28.78	21.42	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13.67	72.40	42.14
Occupational training coverage	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	100%	100%	100%
Of which: Male employees	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	100%	100%	100%
Female employees	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	100%	100%	100%
Of which: Senior and middle management employees	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	100%	100%	100%
Junior management employees	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	100%	100%	100%
Primary employees	100%	100%	100%	100%	96%	100%	100%	100%	100%	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	100%	100%	100%

⁶⁵ The voluntary employee turnover rate is calculated as voluntary departures ÷ (employees at the beginning of the reporting period + new hires) × 100%. In the prior fiscal year, it was calculated as voluntary departures ÷ total departures. Historical data have been restated on the current basis for comparability.

	Silvercorp			Ying Mining District			GC Mine			El Domo			Condor			Chaarat			Others		
Metrics	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024
Safety Production Training GRI 403-5																					
Number of training sessions	2,353	1,954	2,048	1,439	1,596	1,525	303	358	523	371	—	—	240	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Average training hours per worker(h)	38.51	31.75	31.70	44.43	32.01	30.89	31.56	30.00	36.12	6.60	—	—	60.00	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Of which: Average training hours per company employee(h)	22.02	19.43	25.35	25.67	17.98	21.90	32.40	25.78	38.90	5.31	—	—	60.00	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Average training hours per contractor employee(h)	45.89	36.62	34.25	50.91	38.12	34.20	31.06	32.64	34.44	68.00	—	—	60.00	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Of which: Employee H&S training coverage	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	—	—	100%	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Contractor employee H&S training coverage	99.9%	100%	100%	99.9%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	—	—	100%	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Social Contribution																					
Average voluntary work hours per employee(h) ⁶⁴	33.49	15.21	2.62	26.50	26.00	0.82	53.00	4.42	1.68	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total charitable donations(\$)	3,147,445.89	1,320,355.00	3,238,613.00	2,634,721.26	788,476.00	3,207,425.00	51,780.28	35,069.00	31,188.00	359,882.99	451,355.00	—	101,061.36	45,454.00	—	0.00	—	—	0.00	—	—
Of which: Support for rural revitalization(\$)	2,453,422.26	—	—	2,416,745.29	—	—	14,081.14	—	—	22,595.84	—	—	0.00	—	—	0.00	—	—	0.00	—	—
Support for community development(\$)	167,978.59	—	—	22,529.82	—	—	—	—	—	81,842.90	—	—	63,605.87	—	—	0.00	—	—	0.00	—	—
Education support(\$)	156,570.40	41,551.00	42,281.00	70,405.68	41,551.00	41,863.00	—	—	418.00	62,081.51	—	—	24,083.21	—	—	0.00	—	—	0.00	—	—
Support for NGOs(\$)	246,878.60	—	—	111,945.03	—	—	25,730.18	—	—	109,203.40	—	—	0.00	—	—	0.00	—	—	0.00	—	—
Assistance for disadvantaged group(\$)	39,141.54	—	—	6,054.89	—	—	2,957.04	—	—	30,129.61	—	—	0.00	—	—	0.00	—	—	0.00	—	—
Others(\$)	83,454.50	—	—	7,040.57	—	—	9,011.93	—	—	54,029.73	—	—	13,372.28	—	—	0.00	—	—	0.00	—	—
Safety Performance GRI 403-9 ⁶⁵																					
Lost-Time Injuries (LTIs)(cases) ⁶⁶	9	6	9	8	4	7	1	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total Recordable Injuries (TRIs)(cases) ⁶⁷	13	6	16	12	4	11	1	2	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lost-Time Injury Frequency Rate (LTIFR) ⁶⁸	0.76	0.52	0.92	0.78	0.40	0.84	0.62	1.34	1.35	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total Recordable Injury Frequency Rate (TRIFR) ⁶⁹	1.10	0.52	1.64	1.18	0.40	1.33	0.62	1.34	3.37	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Fatalities(cases)	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

⁶⁴ Calculated as total employee volunteer hours divided by the number of participating employees.

⁶⁵ The total annual working hours used in the calculation of work-related injury indicators per million hours is an estimate, calculated as "21.75 days/month × 8 hours/day × 12 months × the number of working personnel during the reporting period." The data includes both company employees and contractor employees. The naming of the LTIFR and TRIFR indicators has been updated with reference to CSA terminology, while their calculation methods and reporting scope remain unchanged from prior years.

⁶⁶ Lost-Time Injuries (LTIs) (cases) refer to the number of work-related injuries or occupational diseases that result in time away from work, specifically injuries involving a loss of more than one working day, excluding fatalities.

⁶⁷ Refers to work-related injuries that require medical treatment (without loss of more than one working day) and fatalities.

⁶⁸ The Lost-Time Injury Frequency Rate (LTIFR) is calculated as: Number of lost-time injuries × 1,000,000 / Total working hours (hours).

⁶⁹ The Total Recordable Injury Frequency Rate (TRIFR) is calculated as: Number of total recordable injuries × 1,000,000 / Total working hours (hours).

	Silvercorp			Ying Mining District			GC Mine			El Domo			Condor			Chaarat			Others		
Metrics	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024	FY2026	FY2025	FY2024
Investment in Work Safety																					
Total investment in safety production(\$)	4,683,171	3,588,919	4,526,898	3,720,658	3,026,771	3,348,612	837,964	562,148	1,178,286	109,549	—	—	15,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Of which: Investment in safety infrastructure and equipment(\$)	2,440,279	2,309,136	2,595,516	1,921,709	2,049,056	2,528,286	473,812	260,080	67,230	44,758	—	—	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Investment in protective equipment(\$)	569,783	791,883	789,181	430,514	681,841	482,836	103,130	110,043	306,345	29,140	—	—	7,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Investment in protective equipment inspections(\$)	241,457	125,220	124,334	68,660	39,433	81,918	170,797	85,787	42,416	0	—	—	2,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Investment in hazard rectification(\$)	175,754	275,203	758,856	93,632	186,782	73,259	77,122	88,421	685,597	0	—	—	5,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Investment in production safety training(\$)	197,196	75,068	131,677	185,751	66,731	115,537	10,445	8,337	16,140	0	—	—	1,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other(\$)	1,058,701	12,409	127,334	1,020,393	2,929	66,777	2,657	9,480	60,557	35,651	—	—	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Localized Employment GRI 2-7																					
Number of employees from the local province	1,467	1,139	1,046	1,058	946	880	133	135	139	193	15	—	17	4	—	20	—	—	46	39	27
Percentage of employees from the local province	72.44%	65.57%	74.34%	84.30%	82.55%	82.24%	46.50%	49.82%	51.10%	67.96%	7.08%	—	51.52%	13.79%	—	37.74%	—	—	40.35%	49.37%	41.54%
Number of senior management employees from the local province	3	5	3	0	—	—	0	—	—	0	—	—	—	—	—	0	—	—	3	5	3
Portion of Spending on Local Suppliers GRI 204-1																					
Spend on local and regional suppliers	50%	58%	53%	53%	70%	72%	34%	46%	34%	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—